FEMtools™ Pretest and Correlation

A Complete Solution for Modal Pretest Analysis, FE Model Verification and Validation using Test-Analysis Correlation

Overview

FEMtools Pretest and Correlation contains modules for

- Pretest Analysis Planning, simulation and optimization of modal tests
- Correlation Analysis Visual and numerical correlation between 2 sets of data with model, shapes or functions (FEA-Test, FEA-FEA, Test-Test)

Pretest Analysis

If a baseline finite element model is available, then this model can be used to simulate tests. This provides test engineers with optimal locations and directions to excite the structure, and to position measurement transducers. The FE model can be reduced and converted into a test model.

- Baseline finite element analysis Analyze mode shapes in the frequency range of interest. FEA data (model, modes, FRFs) can be imported or computed using FEMtools Framework or external solvers.
- Target Mode Selection Select modes in the frequency band of interest based on energy considerations. Methods include: Modal Effective Mass, Kinetic Energy Fraction.
- Selection of Candidate Sensor Locations Use criteria like accessibility, cost, geometry (surface, edge or corner nodes) or any other user-defined criteria to select candidate locations.
- Sensor Placement Metrics These are semiautomatic methods to find optimal exciter, suspension and measurement locations and directions. They are based on the observability of target modes using information on modal displacement or energy (kinetic or strain). Methods include: Normalized Modal Displacements, Nodal Kinetic Energy.
- Sensor Elimination Methods These methods iteratively eliminate sensors from the set of candidates in a way to optimally maintain linear independence or orthogonality between mode shapes. Methods include: Effective Independence Method, Elimination by MAC, Iterative Guyan reduction.
- Mass Loading Evaluation This tool evaluates the effect of accelerometer mass on the modal parameters.
- Creation and Export of Test Model Truncation of the FE model, conversion to test model and export to a modal test software. Automatic generation of tracelines between retained sensor locations. Directions normal to the surface can be obtained from the FE model.

Questions that can be answered with pretest analysis include:

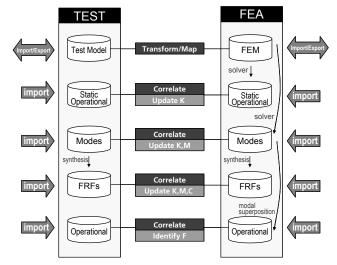
- How many modes can be expected in a given frequency range?
- What are the optimal locations and directions for sensors, exciters and suspensions from a set of candidate locations?
- Create a test model from a reduced finite element model and export in a format readable by modal test packages
- Determine the directions normal to surface of curved surfaces from the finite element model and use this information for decomposing modal test displacements in global Cartesian coordinates
- Asses the influence of the accelerometer mass on the modal parameters

Using the pretest analysis tools it is possible to plan an optimal modal test strategy early in the project and increase quality of modal data for validation and updating of FE models.

Correlation Analysis

The following tools for quantitative and qualitative correlation analysis are included:

- **Spatial correlation** Compares location in space between response locations resulting in a table with mapped degrees-of-freedom. This may require changing orientation and scaling of the models, which can be done in a manual way or using automatic tools.
- Visual shape correlation Visually compare shapes (static displacement shapes, mode shapes and operational shapes) using side-by-side, overlay and animated displays.
- Global shape correlation Globally compares shapes using various criteria. The result is used for shape pairing.
- Local shape correlation Analyzes local spatial





correlation between shapes. Results can be interpreted to localize modeling deficiencies and serve as guideline for selecting model updating parameters.

- Shape pairing Creates a table of shape pairs (static, modal or operational).
- FRF pairing and correlation Creates a table of FRF pairs. Analyzes correlation between FRF functions, either globally between 2 functions or shape and amplitude correlation functions for a set of FRF pairs as function of frequency.
- Correlation coefficients Calculates values of error functions from a selection of reference responses. These functions are used in model updating to monitor the 'distance' between the updated model and a reference.

Applications

- Link experimentally obtained modal damping to the corresponding analytical mode shape
- Scaling of test mode shapes obtained by outputonly modal analysis
- Evaluate different modeling strategies
- Identification of modeling deficiencies or structural damage
- Finite element model validation
- Define targets and parameters for FE model updating

Key Features

- FEA-Test, FEA-FEA, Test-Test Correlation
- DOF pair table definition, ranking and filtering
- Automated or manual model mapping
- Directional and multi-step pairing
- Efficient processing of large data sets (point clouds)
- Static, modal and operational shape correlation
- Mode shape auto- and cross-orthogonality
- Automatic mode shape pairing using MAC and orthogonality matrix
- Automated support for mode shape pairing in case of double modes (axisymmetric structures)
- MAC contribution analysis
- Spatial shape correlation analysis
- FRF correlation (SAC, CSAC, CSF)
- Correlation using local coordinate systems

User Interface

- All definition, editing and analysis accessible via intuitive menus and dialog boxes or using free format commands for batch processing and process automation
- Complete electronic documentation
- Dedicated graphics viewers for model inspection and results evaluation

- Point-and-click interactive selection
- Direct access to FEA and test data
- Unlimited customization using FEMtools Script language

Benefits

- All pretest analysis and correlation tools are programmed in FEMtools Script language and can be easily customized or extended
- Customizable user interface
- Solver-neutral integration with virtually every FEA and test data
- Computing and OS platform-independent solutions

Prerequisites

- FEMtools Framework with FEA Solvers (included)
- FEMtools Dynamics (included)

Options

- Upgrade to FEMtools Model Updating
- FE interfaces and drivers (ANSYS, ABAQUS, LS-DYNA, MSC.NASTRAN, NX NASTRAN, SAP2000, Universal File)
- Modal Parameter Extractor (Add-on)
- Rigid Body Properties Extractor (Add-on)

Services

- Regular software maintenance
- Installation, training and customization
- Hotline support by e-mail and phone
- Internet support site
- Custom software development
- Project research
- Engineering services

Supported Platforms

- Windows 7, 8, 10 (64-bit)
- Linux 64-bit

Licensing

Flexible node-locked or floating licensing of annual or paid-up licenses.

For more information, contact us at



CAE Software and Services

Interleuvenlaan 64 B-3001 Leuven Belgium +32 (0)16 40 23 00 info@femtools.com - www.femtools.com